ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2019

JUNE 30, 2019

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Unified School District of De Pere De Pere, Wisconsin

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Unified School District of De Pere, De Pere, Wisconsin (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10 and the budgetary comparison information and the schedules relating to pensions and other postemployment benefits on pages 47 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as supplementary information is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of expenditures of state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration, are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in assets and liabilities – pupil activity funds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of expenditures of state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Prior Year Summarized Financial Information

The 2018 financial statements were audited by Schenck SC, whose practice became part of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP as of January 1, 2019, and whose report dated December 3, 2018, expressed unmodified opinions on those respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information from which the prior year summarized financial information was derived.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin November 19, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

As management of the Unified School District of De Pere we offer readers of the District's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of June 30, 2019 by \$60.3 million (*net position*). Of this amount, approximately \$113,000 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The statement of net position shows an increase of \$2.7M in accrued and other current liabilities which
 represents accruing payroll for teachers who opted to have their contract paid out over 24 pay periods
 (September August) in contrast to being paid over 20 periods (September June). Approximately 75% of our
 teachers opted to move to be paid over 24 pay periods.
- The District's total net position increased by \$2.791M, of which \$2.787M was from government activities and \$4K from business type activities.
- As of June 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16.6 million, a decrease of \$128K in comparison with the prior year. Of that decline, \$305K can be attributed to paying off Project Redbird debt with donations a year early and a net increase of \$182K for referendum and nonreferendum planned debt service payments. The general fund and capital projects funds made up the remaining fund balance change.
- Approximately 51% of this total amount, \$8.5 million is *available for spending* at the District's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*) or for cash flow purposes to reduce the District's need to borrow money during low cash points of the year.
- As of June 30, 2019, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$8.5 million, or approximately 17.5% of total general fund expenditures.
- The property tax rate decreased \$.31 for the year ended June 30, 2019 to \$9.54 per thousand of property value versus \$9.85, representing a decrease of 3.1% compared to the prior year in large part to the increase of \$142.2M in equalized value, (TIF out) of the District or 6.75%. This is the second year the District has seen growth in equalized value of over 5%.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-wide financial statements. The *district-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave.) Both of the district-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities include the District's basic services, such as regular and special education and various support services. The business-type activities of the District include food service and community service programs.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

It is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and referendum debt service fund, each of which, are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. As part of the required supplementary information, a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 17 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The District maintains a single type of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the district-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its food service and community service programs.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the district-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Food Service and Community Service funds, both of which are considered to be nonmajor funds of the District.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 - 20 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 21 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 46 of this report.

Required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. As part of the required supplementary information, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and for each individual, major special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. The budgetary comparison statements and the other post-employee benefit and pension schedules can be found on pages 45 - 51.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 55 - 57.

District-wide Financial Analysis

Net position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$60.3 million at the close of 2019 or an increase of \$2.791M over prior year.

Unifie	Unified School District of De Pere's Net Position												
		(in tho	usa	nds of d	oll	ars)	_						
		Govern	mer	ntal	Business-type								
		Activities			Activities					Totals			
	2	018-19	2	017-18	2	2018-19 2017-18			2018-19 2			017-18	
Current and other assets	\$	22,000	\$	24,190	\$	178	\$	179	\$	22,178	\$	24,369	
Capital assets (net)		70,080		71,190		12		17		70,092		71,207	
Total Assets		92,080		95,380		190		196	_	92,270		95,576	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>,</u>	14,688		8,327				-		14,688		8,327	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		32,622		33,456		1		<u></u>		32,622		33,456	
Other liabilities		5,477		2,804		71		81		5,548		2,885	
Total Liabilities	-	38,099		36,260		71		81		38,170		36,341	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,499		10,064						8,499		10,064	
Net Position													
Invested in capital assets,													
net of related debt		52,992		47,408		12		17		53,004		47,425	
Restricted		7,172		11,542		2 2		-		7,172		11,542	
Unrestricted		6		(1,567)		107		98		113		(1,469)	
Total Net Position	\$	60,170	\$	57,383	\$	119	\$	115	\$	60,289	\$	57,498	

By far the largest portion of the District's net position (88%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment, etc.), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although, the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position (12%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$113K) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Change in net position. The District's net position increased by \$2.791M, of this amount, the District was favorable \$2.787M from governmental activities and \$4,000 from Business Type Activities. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Unified S	choc	ol District	of D	e Pere's	Cha	inge in Ne	t Po	sition					
		(In the	ousa	nds of do	llar	s)							
		Govern	mer	ntal		Busine	ss-ty	/ре					
		Activities			Activities					Totals			
	2	2018-19 2017-18		2018-19 201			017-18	20	2018-19 20		017-18		
Revenues													
Program Revenues													
Charges for services	\$	5,047	\$	4,830	\$	1,185	\$	1,185	\$	6,232	\$	6,015	
Operating grants and contributions		2,457		2,368		681		679		3,138		3,047	
General Revenues													
Property taxes		21,458		20,754		22		22		21,480		20,776	
Grants and contributions not													
restricted to specific programs		25,764		24,841		125		<u>~</u>		25,764		24,841	
Other		1,012		930		0.63		-		1,012		930	
Total Revenues	÷	55,738		53,723		1,888		1,886		57,626		55,609	
Expenses													
Instruction		30,356		27,154				-		30,356		27,154	
Support services		16,911		16,747				<u>1</u>		16,911		16,747	
Non-program		3,519		3,036				-		3,519		3,036	
Interest on long-term debt		273		554		-		-		273		554	
Depreciation - unallocated		1,819		1,748		<u>-</u>		жî:		1,819		1,748	
Food service		a 1		-		1,875		1,857		1,875		1,857	
Community service		-		3 7 0		82		81		82		81	
Total Expenses	_	52,878		49,239		1,957		1,938		54,835		51,177	
Transfers		(73)		(50)		73		50					
Change in Net Position		2,787		4,434		4		(2)		2,791		4,432	
Change in accounting principle				(804)		-		-				(804)	
Change in Net Position after Change			_										
in Accounting Principle		2,787		3,630		4		(2)		2,791		3,628	
Net Position - January 1		57,383		53,753		115		117		57,498		53,870	
Net Position - December 31	\$	60,170	\$	57,383	\$	119	\$	115	\$	60,289	\$	57,498	

Depreciation exceeded capital outlay by \$1.1M

Deferred pension outflows (an asset) increased by \$6.3M

Deferred pension inflows (a liability) decreased by \$10.2M

Payment toward long term debt and capital leases \$6.6M

Net OPEB, supplemental and WRS net pension liability increased by \$1.3M

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16.6 million, a decrease of \$128,710 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 51% of this amount (\$8.5 million) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted (\$7.2 million) for debt service and capital improvements, committed (\$756K) for trust obligations and purchase orders carried over from 2018-19 or non-spendable in the case of \$86K in prepayments.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, \$8.5 million of the general fund balance was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 17.5% of total general fund expenditures, decreasing by 1.0% over the prior year end. Part of the decrease in liquidity can be attributed to increasing the District's special education staffing by 3.2 FTE by picking up a transfer of service from Brown County Syble Hopp but not being made whole until 2019-20 for 25% of the cost from the State of Wisconsin or \$80,600.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$1,368 during the current year after transferring \$150,000 into its long term capital improvement fund.

The referendum debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$6.1 million. The entire fund balance is restricted. Total fund balance represents approximately 99% of the expected debt service fund expenditures in the subsequent year which is needed due to the timing of cash flows from the District's state aids and general levy collection comes in after the debt service payment is due.

Proprietary funds. The District's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the District's district-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Food Service Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$11,533. The net decrease in net position was \$4,269 which was for depreciation taken on the food service equipment.

Net position of the Community Service Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$107,421. The total increase in net position was \$8,438.

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the District's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Generally the original budget is rarely modified. The District modified its original budget for 2018-2019 to reflect relatively minor changes in funding levels for levy, state and federal grant programs and the purchase of technology equipment including the replacement of chromebooks.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$70.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, and machinery and equipment. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current year was approximately \$1.1 million compared to prior year.

					Pere's Capit						
	(net of ac	cum	ulated depr	ecia	ation - in thou	ısa	nds)				
	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	Activities	Totals				
	2018-19		2017-18		2018-19		2017-18		2018-19		2017-18
Land	\$ 3,962	\$	3,962	\$		\$	÷.	\$	3,962	\$	3,962
Construction Work in Progress	216		2,367				. 		216		2,367
Land improvements	1,800		1,835		S a 5		-		1,800		1,835
Buildings	62,142		61,136		-		÷3		62,142		61,136
Machinery and equipment	1,960		1,890		12		16		1,972		1,906
Total	\$ 70,080	\$	71,190	\$	12	\$	16	\$	70,092	\$	71,206

Major capital assets acquired or constructed during the year include:

- Various Storm Water Management Projects at Altmayer for \$165,134
- Upgrade internet access points throughout District for \$97,150
- Began upgrading and adding additional security cameras and new access system district wide \$129,043
- Began work on renovating Dickinson Administrative wing for \$86,683
- Finalized and capitalized the High School Music expansion for \$2,438,338

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$16.7 million.

Unified School District of De Pere's	Outstanding Debt		
General Obligation Debt (in	thousands)		
	Governm	ental /	Activities
	2018-19		2017-18
General Obligation Debt	-		
Bonds	\$ 8,80	0\$	14,346
Notes	7,87	0	8,825
Total General Obligation Debt	\$ 16,67	0\$	23,171

The District's total debt declined by \$6.5 million (28%) during the current fiscal year due to planned principal payments and paying off Project Redbird debt an year early through donations received for the projects.

The District maintains an AA rating from Standard and Poors for its general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the District may issue to 10% of its total equalized valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$218 million, which is significantly in excess of the District's \$16.7 million in outstanding general obligation debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Inflationary trends in our region compare favorably to national indices.
- The District continues to experience enrollment growth. The enrollment projections indicate the enrollment will
 continue to increase during the course of the next five years due to housing development being planned in
 several municipalities in the District.
- Reduction in state aid will have a significant impact on the District.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Dawn Foeller, Director of Business Services, c/o Unified School District of De Pere, 1700 Chicago Street, De Pere, Wisconsin 54115.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental		Busi	ness-type	Totals					
		Activities		tivities		2019		2018		
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	15,183,800	\$	114,124	\$	15,297,924	\$	13,360,017		
Receivables										
Taxes		5,520,157				5,520,157		5,102,954		
Accounts		331,156		180		331,336		268,932		
Other		×		383		1.5		188,700		
Internal balances		5,871		(5,871)		15		000.005		
Due from other governments		873,070		32,476		905,546		822,605		
Inventories and prepaid items		86,371		37,474		123,845		40,795		
Net pension asset				(#)				4,585,042		
Capital assets						4 470 00 4		6 3 3 9 9 1 3		
Nondepreciable		4,178,004		-		4,178,004		6,329,012		
Depreciable, net	-	65,901,728	-	12,016		65,913,744		64,878,117		
Total assets		92,080,157		190,399		92,270,556		95,576,174		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension related amounts		14,602,862		221		14,602,862		8,300,227		
Other postemployment related amounts		84,906		·		84,906		27,277		
Total deferred outflows of resources		14,687,768			-	14,687,768		8,327,504		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		674,887		18,890		693,777		902,552		
Accrued and other current liabilities		3,865,844				3,865,844		730,059		
Accrued interest payable		48,188		÷.		48,188		88,517		
Unearned revenues		1 4		52,555		52,555		66,404		
Deposits payable		325,000		<u></u>		325,000		408,551		
Health and dental claims payable		563,295		+		563,295		689,610		
Long-term obligations										
Due in one year		6,931,803		-		6,931,803		5,722,260		
Due in more than one year		10,218,455				10,218,455		18,095,476		
Other postemployment benefits liability		3,980,952		ŝ		3,980,952		3,811,199		
Net pension liability		11,490,643				11,490,643		5,827,184		
Total liabilities		38,099,067		71,445	-	38,170,512	-	36,341,812		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension related amounts		8,406,759		3		8,406,759		9,875,706		
Other postemployment related amounts		91,992		-		91,992				
Donations	-	=		.	_	<u>ě.</u>		188,700		
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,498,751		3		8,498,751		10,064,406		
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		52,992,002		12,016		53,004,018		47,425,372		
Restricted		7,172,287				7,172,287		11,541,601		
Unrestricted		5,818		106,938		112,756		(1,469,513)		
			¢		¢	60,289,061	¢	57,497,460		
Total net position		60,170,107		118,954		00,209,001		37,437,400		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

		Program	n Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contribution		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Instruction	\$ 30,356,054	\$ 4,894,733	\$ 1,032,133		
Support services	16,910,715	101,433	792,878		
Non-program	3,518,582	51,093	631,668		
Interest and fiscal charges	273,233	÷	=		
Depreciation - unallocated	1,819,376				
Total governmental activities	\$ 52,877,960	\$ 5,047,259	\$ 2,456,679		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
School food service program	\$ 1,875,525	\$ 1,117,660	\$ 681,051		
Community service program	82,034	68,012			
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,957,559	\$ 1,185,672	\$ 681,051		
Total school district	\$ 54,835,519	\$ 6,232,931	\$ 3,137,730		
	General revenue Property taxes Other taxes				

Property taxes Other taxes State and federal aids not restricted to specific functions Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - July 1

Net position - June 30

Governmental	Business-type	Tot	als
Activities	Activities	2019	2018
\$ (24,429,188) (16,016,404) (2,835,821) (273,233) (1,819,376)	\$	\$ (24,429,188) (16,016,404) (2,835,821) (273,233) (1,819,376)	\$ (21,467,479) (15,834,688) (2,436,797) (553,536) (1,748,434)
(45,374,022)	±	(45,374,022)	(42,040,934)
	(76,814) (14,022)	(76,814) (14,022)	(54,151) (20,707)
B)	(90,836)	(90,836)	(74,858)
(45,374,022)	(90,836)	(45,464,858)	(42,115,792)
21,458,366	22,460	21,480,826	20,775,205 1,466
25,763,722 201,946 809,965 (72,545)	72,545	25,763,722 201,946 809,965	24,840,668 112,357 817,499
48,161,454	95,005	48,256,459	46,547,195
2,787,432	4,169	2,791,601	4,431,403
57,382,675	114,785	57,497,460	53,066,057
<u>\$ 60,170,107</u>	\$ 118,954	\$ 60,289,061	\$ 57,497,460

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

			Referendum			Other Governmental		Totals				
		General		ebt Service	001	Funds		2019		2018		
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	7,385,470	\$	6,082,079	\$	1,716,251	\$	15,183,800	\$	13,242,726		
Receivables												
Taxes		5,520,157		-		a		5,520,157		5,102,954		
Accounts		331,156		5		2		331,156		259,930		
Other		-		5		17		20		188,700		
Due from other funds		5,871		5				5,871		•		
Due from other governments		865,587				7,483		873,070		796,758		
Inventories and prepaid items		86,371				77.		86,371		13,559		
Total assets	\$	14,194,612	\$	6,082,079	\$	1,723,734	\$	22,000,425	\$	19,604,627		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	669,409	\$	80	\$	5,478	\$	674,887	\$	888,914		
Accrued and other current liabilities		3,865,844				-		3,865,844		728,743		
Deposits payable		325,000				-		325,000		408,551		
Health and dental claims payable		563,295		-	-		-	563,295	-	689,610		
Total liabilities		5,423,548		-20		5,478	-	5,429,026	_	2,715,818		
Deferred inflows of resources Donations				-				<u> </u>	_	188,700		
Fund balances												
Nonspendable		86,371		345		14		86,371		13,559		
Restricted		-		6,082,079		1,138,396		7,220,475		7,045,076		
Committed		175,738		340		579,860		755,598		1,016,526		
Unassigned		8,508,955	—	1	_	÷	÷	8,508,955		8,624,948		
Total fund balances	-	8,771,064	-	6,082,079		1,718,256	117-	16,571,399		16,700,109		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	14,194,612	\$	6,082,079	_\$	1,723,734	\$	22,000,425	\$	19,604,627		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

		2019		2018
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION				
Total fund balances as shown on previous page	\$	16,571,399	\$	16,700,109
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		70,079,732		71,190,362
Some deferred outflows and inflows of resources reflect changes in long-term liabilities and are not reported in the funds.		14 600 060		0.200.227
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions		14,602,862 (8,406,759)		8,300,227 (9,875,706)
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits		84,906		27,277
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits		(91,992)		Ξ
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds:		(16,670,147)		(23,171,427)
Bonds and notes payable Capital lease payable		(10,070,147) (179,818)		(253,729)
Premium on debt		(237,765)		(339,834)
Compensated absences		(62,528)		(52,746)
Other postemployment benefits liability		(3,980,952)		(3,811,199)
Supplemental pension liability		(6,045,602)		(5,827,184)
WRS net pension asset (liability)		(5,445,041)		4,585,042
Accrued interest on long-term obligations		(48,188)		(88,517)
Net position of governmental activities as reported on the statement	*	60 470 407		F7 303 675
of net position (see page 11)	\$	60,170,107	>	57,382,675

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		.1.			
		Referendum	Governmental	Tot	
	General	Debt Service	Funds	2019	2018
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 15,112,506	\$ 6,185,738	\$ 160,122	\$ 21,458,366	\$ 20,752,745
Other local sources	370,469	546	539,936	910,951	1,018,390
Interdistrict sources	4,746,959			4,746,959	4,546,600
Intermediate sources	147,774	-	2	147,774	117,080
State sources	27,237,250		~	27,237,250	26,029,122
Federal sources	1,119,637			1,119,637	1,144,568
Other sources	111,017		7,483	118,500	114,015
Total revenues	48,845,612	6,186,284	707,541	55,739,437	53,722,520
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Regular instruction	21,472,956	(i)	19,225	21,492,181	19,984,862
Vocational instruction	1,530,449	191	793	1,531,242	1,378,575
Special education instruction	3,304,412	(e)) ()	3,304,412	2,987,142
Other instruction	1,952,776	1.5	35,414	1,988,190	1,914,956
Total instruction	28,260,593	(#	55,432	28,316,025	26,265,535
Support services					
Pupil services	2,499,655	-	26,503	2,526,158	2,299,636
Instructional staff services	2,243,320			2,243,320	2,074,282
General administration services	443,546	-	843	444,389	436,170
School administration services	2,465,635		1,500	2,467,135	2,507,994
Business services	742,423	-	.,	742,423	753,034
Operations and maintenance of plant	4,666,529	2	176,261	4,842,790	6,856,689
Pupil transportation services	1,307,919		110,201	1,307,919	1,258,933
Food services	1,00,10		673	673	1,230,333
	610,232	-	9,881	620,113	1,900,935
Central services	414,446	5 3	9,001	414,446	386,326
Insurance		-	-	1,360,807	335,221
Other support services	1,360,807	-	215,661	16,970,173	18,809,220
Total support services	16,754,512		215,001	10,970,175	10,009,220
Debt service	72.011		1.0.46 200	6 575 101	6,781,391
Principal	73,911	5,455,000	1,046,280	6,575,191	
Interest and fiscal charges	14,101	325,288	76,242	415,631	599,162
Total debt service	88,012	5,780,288	1,122,522	6,990,822	7,380,553
Non-program	4 0 5 0 6 0 0			4.050.000	1004461
General tuition payments	1,959,698		*: 	1,959,698	1,804,461
Special education tuition payments	1,295,102	5		1,295,102	1,086,412
Adjustments and refunds	639			639	836
Voucher payments	263,143	3		263,143	129,625
Revenue transits to others			·	2 540 500	15,105
Total non-program	3,518,582	· · · ·	<u> </u>	3,518,582	3,036,439
Total expenditures	48,621,699	5,780,288	1,393,615	55,795,602	55,491,747
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	223,913	405,996	(686,074)	(56,165)	(1,769,227)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	730,000	2	880,000	1,610,000	5,090,000
Transfers out	(952,545)	(730,000)	(1,682,545)	(5,139,882)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(222,545)	150,000	(72,545)	(49,882)
Net change in fund balances	1,368	405,996	(536,074)	(128,710)	(1,819,109)
Fund balances - July 1	8,769,696	5,676,083	2,254,330	16,700,109	18,519,218
Fund balances - June 30	\$ 8,771,064	\$ 6,082,079	\$ 1,718,256	\$ 16,571,399	\$ 16,700,109

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2019		2018
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES			-	
Net change in fund balances as shown on previous page	\$	(128,710)	\$	(1,819,109)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		708,746		2,510,713
Capital assets reported as capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities		(1,819,376)		(1,748,434)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				
Principal repaid Capital leases paid		6,501,280 73,911		6,707,559 73,832
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as				
expenditures in the governmental funds: Accrued interest on long-term debt		40,329		38,026
Amortization of premiums		102,069		7,600
Compensated absences		(9,782)		1,045
Net pension asset/liability		(10,248,501)		5,986,449
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		6,302,635		(1,081,257)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,468,947		(5,875,683)
Other postemployment benefits liability		(169,753)		(304,908)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		57,629 (91,992)		(61,914)
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	-	(91,992)		
Change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the				
statement of activities (see pages 12 - 13)	° _	2,787,432	\$	4,433,919

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

		Totals			
		2019		2018	
ASSETS				417.004	
Cash and investments	\$	114,124	\$	117,291	
Receivables		00			
Accounts		180		9,002	
Due from other governments		32,476		25,847	
Inventories and prepaid items		37,474		27,236	
Capital assets					
Depreciable, net	-	12,016		16,767	
Total assets		196,270		196,143	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		18,890		13,638	
Accrued and other current liabilities		72		1,316	
Due to other funds		5,871		-	
Unearned revenues	-	52,555	-	66,404	
Total liabilities	-	77,316	6	81,358	
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets		12,016		16,767	
Unrestricted		106,938		98,018	
Total net position		118,954	\$	114,785	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Totals			
		2019		2018
OPERATING REVENUES	¢.	1 117 660	*	1124.052
Food sales	\$	1,117,660	\$	1,124,052
Local sources		68,012		60,579 20,174
State sources		21,762		
Federal sources		656,844		658,409
Other sources	6	2,445		
Total operating revenues		1,866,723		1,863,214
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries, wages and benefits		869,880		861,244
Purchased services		26,293		28,773
Supplies and materials		1,003,276		990,278
Other		53,359		53,026
Depreciation		4,751		4,751
Total operating expenses		1,957,559		1,938,072
Operating loss		(90,836)		(74,858)
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Property taxes	<u>.</u>	22,460		22,460
Income (loss) before transfers		(68,376)		(52,398)
Transfers in		72,545	; <u>.</u>	49,882
Change in net position		4,169		(2,516)
Net position - July 1		114,785		117,301
Net position - June 30	\$	118,954	\$	114,785

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Totals			
		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from user charges	\$	1,183,090	\$	1,192,887
Cash received from other government payments		671,977		730,836
Cash received from other funds		5,871		(44,719)
Cash payments to employees		(871,196)		(861,547)
Cash payments to suppliers		(1,087,914)		(1,074,882)
Net cash used by operating activities		(98,172)		(57,425)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Property taxes		22,460		22,460
Transfers in		72,545		49,882
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		95,005		72,342
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(3,167)		14,917
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1	-	117,291		102,374
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30	\$	114,124	_\$	117,291_
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	\$	(90,836)	\$	(74,857)
to net cash used by operating activities Depreciation		4,751		4,751
Change in operating assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivables		8,822		(7,765)
Inventories		(10,238)		(3,001)
Due from other governments		(6,629)		52,253
Accounts payable		5,252		196
Accrued and other current liabilities		(1,316)		(303)
Due to (from) other funds		5,871		(44,719)
Unearned revenue		(13,849)		16,020
Net cash used by operating activities		(98,172)	<u> </u>	(57,425)
Noncash operating activities:				
Commodities received from	¢	124 004	¢	1/2 /05
U.S. Department of Agriculture		124,904	_	143,485

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PUPIL ACTIVITY AGENCY FUND JUNE 30, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

		_	2019		2018	
ASSETS Cash and investments		=	\$	246,482	\$	240,299
LIABILITIES Due to student organizations	0	Ĩ	\$	246,482	_\$	240,299

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Unified School District of De Pere, De Pere, Wisconsin (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The District is organized as a unified school district. The District, governed by an elected seven member board, operates grades 4K through 12 and is comprised of all or parts of seven taxing districts. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the District and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the District. The District has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards.

B. DISTRICT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds. The District has no internal service funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Referendum Debt Service

This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

The District reports no major proprietary funds. The District uses enterprise funds to account for transactions of the food service and community service funds.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

▶ The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student and parent organizations in an agency fund.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which taxes have been levied. Tuition, grants, fees and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the District.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the costs of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

2. Property Taxes

The aggregate District tax levy is apportioned and certified in November of the current fiscal year for collection to comprising municipalities based on the immediate past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes must be paid in full or in two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31 and a final payment no later than the following July 31. On or before January 15, and by the 20th of the subsequent month, the District is paid by the collecting municipalities its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. On or before August 20, the county treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year levied as they are considered due as of January 1, the date from which interest and penalties accrue for non-payment of a scheduled installment, and full receipt of the entire levy is assured within sixty days of fiscal year end, meeting the availability criteria necessary for property tax revenue recognition by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements.

4. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

The amount reported on the statement of net position for internal balances represents the residual balance outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities.

5. Inventories

Inventories are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

6. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items and are expensed in the periods benefitted.

Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or businesstype activities columns in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of a year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Assets	Yea	ars
Land improvements	20-30	
Buildings and improvements	20-50	12
Machinery and equipment	5-20	5-20

8. Compensated Absences

The District's policy allows unlimited accumulation of sick days. However, unused accumulated sick time is forfeited upon retirement or termination of employment. Accumulated vacation time is prorated and paid to employees upon retirement or termination of employment during the fiscal year. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

Governmental funds may report deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues. The District reports unavailable revenues for donations. These inflows are recognized as revenues in the district-wide financial statements.

10. Long-term Obligations

In the district-wide financial statements, and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

11. Pensions

Wisconsin Retirement System

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Supplemental Pension Plan

Qualifying teachers and administrators are provided with a supplemental pension. The supplemental pension is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. For purposes of measuring the supplemental pension liability, related deferred outflows and inflows and pension expense, the District has used values provided by their actuary. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Qualifying teachers and administrators are provided with other postemployment benefits. The OPEB is a singleemployer defined benefit plan administered by the District. For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, related deferred outflows and inflows and OPEB expense, the District has used values provided by their actuary. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

13. Fund Equity

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- ▶ Nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Board of Education. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Board of Education using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of District management. The Board of Education has authorized the District administrator to assign fund balance. Residual amounts in any governmental fund, other than the General Fund, are also reported as assigned.
- Unassigned fund balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only
 reported in the General Fund.

The District has adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. Where applicable, the policy requires restricted funds to be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

District-wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted net position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

E. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. PRIOR YEAR INFORMATION

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, from which the summarized information was derived.

G. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the presentation in the current year financial statements with no change in previously reported net position, changes in net position, fund balance or changes in fund balance.

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The donations, debt service, and capital projects funds account for their transactions through separate and distinct bank and investment accounts as required by State Statutes. In addition, the agency fund uses separate and distinct accounts. All other funds share in common bank and investment accounts.

The District policy for investments generally follows Wisconsin Statutes.

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

The carrying amount of the District's cash and investments totaled \$15,544,406 on June 30, 2019 as summarized below:

Petty cash and cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 7,045 644,974
Investments Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative (WISC)	\$ 14,892,387 15, 544,406
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:	
District-wide statement of net position Cash and investments Fiduciary fund statement of net position	\$ 15,297,924
Agency fund	\$ 246,482 15,544,406

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District currently has no investments that are subject to fair value measurement.

Deposits and investments of the District are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the District's deposits and investments and the related risks.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The District does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interestbearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2019, \$195,639 of the District's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. The entire amount was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investment in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Presented below is the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

		Exempt			
		from			Not
Investment Type	Amount	Disclosure	AAA	Aa	Rated
WISC	\$ 14,892,387	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,892,387

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)				
		12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	More Than	
Investment Type	Amount	or Less	Months	Months	60 Months	
WISC	\$ 14,892,387	\$ 14,892,387	<u>\$</u>			

Investment in Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperation

The District has investments in the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative (WISC) of \$14,892,387 at year-end consisting of \$2,055 invested in the Cash Management Series, \$14,445,845 invested in the Investment Series, and \$444,487 in the Limited Term Duration. The Cash Management Series has no minimum investment period, allows check writing privileges, and the average dollar weighted maturity is ninety (90) days or less. The Investment Series requires a 14 day minimum investment period and one business day withdrawal notice, and the average dollar weighted maturity is one hundred twenty (120) days or less. The Limited Term Duration requires a minimum balance of \$100,000 and a 30 day notice for quarterly withdrawals.

WISC is organized by and operated exclusively for Wisconsin public schools, technical colleges, and municipal entities. WISC is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under Wisconsin International Cooperate Statute, Wisconsin Statute, Section 66.031. WISC is governed by the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative Commission in accordance with the terms of the Intergovernmental Cooperation Agreement. WISC invests District funds in accordance with Wisconsin law. WISC investments are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	F	Beginning Balance		ncreases		Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, nondepreciable:					<i>*</i>		<i>t</i>	2 0 6 2 2 7 2
Land	\$	3,962,278	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,962,278
Construction in progress		2,366,734		215,726	-	2,366,734		215,726
Total capital assets, nondepreciable		6,329,012	-	215,726	-	2,366,734		4,178,004
Conital acceta denna siables								
Capital assets, depreciable:		4,455,085		189,669		8,600		4,636,154
Land improvements		88,657,387		2,468,297		20,000		91,105,684
Buildings and improvements		11,316,602		201,788		62,510		11,455,880
Machinery and equipment	-	104,429,074		2,859,754	-	91,110		107,197,718
Subtotals		104,429,074		2,039,734		91,110		107,197,710
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		2,620,109		224,790		8,600		2,836,299
Buildings and improvements		27,521,501		1,462,092		20,000		28,963,593
		9,426,114		132,494		62,510		9,496,098
Machinery and equipment		39,567,724	-	1,819,376	-	91,110	_	41,295,990
Subtotals		39,301,124		1,019,570	-	51,110		41,233,330
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		64,861,350		1,040,378		<u> </u>		65,901,728
Governmental activities capital assets, net		71,190,362	\$	1,256,104	\$	2,366,734		70,079,732
Less: Capital related debt								17,087,730
Net investment in capital assets							\$	52,992,002
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, depreciable:								
Machinery and equipment	\$	730,958	\$	2	\$	94 C	\$	730,958
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and equipment	-	714,191		4,751		<u> </u>	-	718,942
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	16,767	\$	4,751	\$	-	\$	12,016
Business type activities capital assets, net		10,101	-	11.01	1		=	

The District's capital assets are shared by many governmental functions. Accordingly, it was not considered practical to allocate depreciation expense.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

C. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the District, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of June 30, 2019 are detailed below:

	Int Rec	Interfund Payables			
Temporary cash advances to finance operating cash deficits Governmental funds General Proprietany fund	\$	5,871	\$		
Proprietary fund Food Service Totals	\$	- 5,871	\$	5,871 5,871	

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Fried.		Transfer In	Transfer Out			
Fund		730,000	\$	952,545		
Special Revenue Donations		1946) 1947		730,000		
Non-Referendum Debt Service		730,000		:=:		
Capital Improvement Trust		150,000		-		
Food Service		72,545				
	\$	1,682,545	\$	1,682,545		

Interfund transfers were made for the following purposes:

For debt payments To fund future capital projects	\$ 730,000 150,000
To cover operational deficit	72,545
	\$ 952,545

D. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District issued tax and revenue anticipation promissory notes in advance of property tax collections. The notes are needed because District expenses for the year begin in July whereas tax collections are not received until January. Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Outstanding				Outstanding			
	7/1/18	Issued		Retired		6/30/19		
Line of Credit	\$	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$		

Total interest paid for the year on short-term debt totaled \$200.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Beginning Balance	ls	sued	 Retired	 Ending Balance	-	ue Within One Year
Governmental activities:							
General obligation debt							
Bonds	\$ 14,160,000	\$	=	\$ 5,455,000	\$ 8,705,000	\$	5,915,000
Notes	9,011,427		+	1,046,280	 7,965,147	-	950,147
Total general obligation debt	23,171,427		÷.	6,501,280	16,670,147		6,865,147
Debt premium	339,834		2	102,069	237,765		-
Capital leases	253,729		<u></u>	73,911	179,818		66,656
Compensated absences	52,746		62,528	52,746	 62,528		
Governmental activities Long-term obligations	\$ 23,817,736	\$	62,528	\$ 6,730,006	\$ 17,150,258	\$	6,931,803

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$415,431.

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original debtedness	 Balance 6/30/19
General obligation notes General obligation bonds General obligation notes	10/27/10 7/10/12 5/10/16	3/15/20 10/1/20 4/1/26	4.25% 2.00% 1.25% - 2.0%	\$ 718,000 9,655,000 9,600,000	\$ 95,147 8,705,000 7,870,000

Total outstanding general obligation debt

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$16,670,147 on June 30, 2019 are detailed below:

16,670,147

\$

Year Ended	Go	vern	mental Activit	ties	
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$ 6,865,147	\$	283,961	\$	7,149,108
2021	4,055,000		161,875		4,216,875
2022	1,290,000		115,000		1,405,000
2023	1,310,000		337,600		1,647,600
2024	1,340,000		63,000		1,403,000
2025-2026	1,810,000		45,000		1,855,000
	\$ 16,670,147	\$	1,006,436	\$	17,676,583

For governmental activities, the other long-term liabilities are generally funded by the General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Legal Margin for New Debt

The District's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on June 30, 2019 was \$217,935,485 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the District Statutory limitation percentage			\$ 2,284,301,583 (x) 10%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes			228,430,158
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	\$	16,670,147	220,430,130
Less: Amounts available for financing general obligation debt	Ψ	10/07/07/11	
Debt service fund, less accrued interest payable	0:	6,175,474	
Net outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation			10,494,673
Legal margin for new debt			\$ 217,935,485

Capital Lease

The District is obligated under various leases accounted for as capital leases that were used to finance the acquisition of capital assets. The cost of the capital assets under the capital leases are \$198,253 and the related accumulated depreciation is \$18,435 as of June 30, 2019.

The following is a schedule of the minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the present values of the minimum lease payments at June 30, 2019:

	Gov	ernmental
Year Ending	A	ctivities
2020	\$	76,527
2021		76,527
2022		45,199
Subtotal	-	198,253
Less: Amount representing interest		18,435
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	179,818

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

F. PENSION PLANS

The District reports pension related balances at June 30, 2019, as summarized below:

			erred Inflows f Resources		
Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)	\$ 5,445,041	\$	13,985,842	\$	7,519,980
Supplemental pension plan	6,045,602	-	617,020		886,779
Total pension liability	\$ 11,490,643	\$	14,602,862	\$	8,406,759

1. WRS Pension Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earning periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2008	6.6%	0%
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2	4
2018	2.4	17

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executives and elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the year ending June 30, 2019, the WRS recognized \$1,442,920 in contributions from the District.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives and elected officials)	6.7%	6.7%
Protective with Social Security	6.7%	10.7%
Protective without Social Security	6.7%	14.9%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$5,445,041 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to December 31, 2018. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.15305007%, which was a decrease of 0.00137429% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,701,688.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,240,862	\$ 7,496,320
Net differences between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	7,952,111	
Changes in assumptions	917,834	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	57,772	23,660
Employer contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	817,263	(#)
Total	\$ 13,985,842	\$ 7,519,980

The \$817,263 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,		Expense
2020	\$	2,057,690
2021		529,186
2022		886,856
2023	_	2,174,867
Total	\$	5,648,599

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date: Measurement date of net pension liability:	December 31, 2017 December 31, 2018
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age
Asset valuation method:	Fair Value
Long-term expected rate of return:	7.0%
Discount rate:	7.0%
Salary increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table
Post-retirement adjustments*	1.9%

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. Based upon this experiences study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2018 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return eal rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Core Fund Asset Class			
Global equities	49%	8.1%	5.5%
Fixed income	24.5%	4.0%	1.5%
Inflation sensitive assets	15.5%	3.8%	1.3%
Real estate	9%	6.5%	3.9%
Private equity/debt	8%	9.4%	6.7%
Multi-asset	4%	6.7%	4.1%
Total Core Fund	110%	7.3%	4.7%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. equities	70%	7.6%	5.0%
International equities	30%	8.5%	5.9%
Total Variable Fund	100%	8.0%	5.4%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.20% for the prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a long-term bond rate of 3.71%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	-	1% Decrease toCurrentDiscount RateDiscount Rate(6.00%)(7.00%)		scount Rate	1% Increase to Discount Rate (8.00%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	21,639,166	\$	5,445,041	\$	(6,596,545)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a payable of \$334,142 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2019.

2. Supplemental Pension Plan

Pension Description

The plan, a single-employer pension plan, is a defined benefit pension plan established to provide benefits after early retirement. The plan is administered by the District. The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

Benefits Provided

A summary of eligibility requirements and plan benefits follows:

Administrators are eligible at age 55 with a minimum of 15 years of administrative experience, 10 of which must be with the District. Upon retirement, the District shall make a contribution into the retiree's 403(b). The amount of this contribution is equivalent to 2.5% of the administrative base rate times 60.

Teachers are eligible at age 55 with a minimum of 20 years of service with the District. Teachers may choose, via annual Section 125 election, to receive upon their retirement the cash equivalent of the medical benefits.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	24
Active employees	338
	362

Funding Policy

The entire cost of these benefits is paid by the District. Benefits are currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and no assets exist to prefund retiree benefits.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Component	 Amount
Total pension liability at July 1, 2018	\$ 5,827,184
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	351,709
Interest	206,307
Changes of assumptions or other input	(122,505)
Benefit payments	(217,093)
Net changes	 218,418
Total pension liability at June 30, 2019	\$ 6,045,602

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$512,493.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions subsequent to the	\$ - 331,754	\$	773,024 113,755	
measurement date	 285,266		æ	
Total	\$ 617,020	\$	886,779	

The \$285,266 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	 Expense
2020	\$ (45,523)
2021	(45,523)
2022	(45,523)
2023	(45,523)
2024	(45,523)
Thereafter	(327,410)
Total	\$ (555,025)

Actuarial Assumptions

The District's total pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Actuarial assumptions:	June 30, 2017 Individual entry age normal Level percentage of salary
Discount rate	3.75%
Inflation	2.5%

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the 20 year tax-exempt AA Municipal bond rate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the District's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.75%, as well as what the District's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate.

	 1% Decrease to Discount Rate		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase to Discount Rate	
	(2.75%)	~	(3.75%)		(4.75%)	
Total pension liability	\$ 6,546,743	\$	6,045,602	\$	5,574,711	

Payable to the Supplemental Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District reported no outstanding contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

G. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health plan that covers retired employees of the District. Eligible retired employees have access to group medical and dental coverage through the District's self-insured group plans. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of Statement 75. Separate financial statements are not issued by the plan. The District contributes to a pool for each retiree based upon a percentage of their salary and years of service. This pool is used for payment of the retiree's medical and dental premiums until its exhaustion. All employees of the District are eligible for the Plan if they meet the following age and service requirements below:

Administrators must be age 55 and 15 years of service, a minimum of 10 with the District. Teachers must be age 55 and 20 years of service.

Benefits Provided

The District provides medical (including prescription drugs) and dental coverage for retired employees through the District's self-insured plans.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	12
Active employees	338
	350

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation:	2.5%
Investment rate of return:	3.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	7.50% decreasing by 0.50% per year down to
	6.50%, then by 0.10% per year down to 5.0%,
	and level thereafter

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Mortality rates are the same as those used in the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the "Wisconsin Retirement System 2012 - 2014 Experience Study".

The current yield for 20 year tax-exempt AA Municipal bond rate or higher as of the measurement date was used for all years of benefit payments.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	т	otal OPEB
		Liability
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$	3,811,199
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		268,245
Interest		135,721
Changes of assumptions or other input		(99,068)
Benefit payments		(135,145)
Net changes		169,753
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	3,980,952

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease to Discount Rate		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase to Discount Rate	
	(2.75%)		(3.75%)		(4.75%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,389,140	\$	3,980,952	\$	3,604,598	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost		
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase	
	(6.5% decreasing to 4.0%)	(7.5% decreasing to 5.0%)	(8.5% decreasing to 6.0%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,474,310	\$ 3,980,952	\$ 4,584,422	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$396,890. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Changes in assumptions District contributions subsequent to the	\$ -	\$	91,992
measurement date	84,906		Ê.
Total	\$ 84,906	\$	91,992

The \$84,906 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,	E	xpense
2020	\$	(7,076)
2021		(7,076)
2022		(7,076)
2023		(7,076)
2024		(7,076)
Thereafter		(56,612)
Total	\$	(91,992)

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District reported no outstanding contribution to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

H. FUND EQUITY

Nonspendable Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of the governmental fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At June 30, 2019, nonspendable fund balance was as follows:

	 General
Nonspendable	
Inventories and prepaid items	\$ 86,371

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Restricted Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At June 30, 2019, restricted fund balance was as follows:

Debt Service Funds Restricted for Debt service	\$ 6,223	,662
Capital Projects Funds Restricted for Capital improvements	996	5,813
Total restricted fund balance	\$ 7,220),475

Committed Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of government fund balances are committed by District Board action. At June 30, 2019, fund balance was committed as follows:

General Fund Committed for Subsequent years expenditures	\$	175,738
Special Revenue Funds Committed for Donations	5	579,860
Total committed fund balance	\$	755,598

Minimum General Fund Balance Policy

The District has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy of 15% to 20% of subsequent year budgeted expenditures for the General Fund. The minimum fund balance is maintained for cash flow and working capital purposes. The minimum fund balance amount is calculated as follows:

Budgeted 2020 General Fund expenditures	\$	48,086,368
Minimum fund balance %		(x) 15%-20%
Minimum fund balance amount	\$7,212,9	55 to \$9,617,274

The District's unassigned General Fund balance of \$8,508,955 is in compliance with the range of the above minimum fund balance amount.

Net Position

The District reports restricted net position at June 30, 2019 as follows:

Governmental activities	
Restricted for	
Debt retirement	\$ 6,175,474
Capital improvements	 996,813
Total governmental activities restricted net position	\$ 7,172,287

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3: OTHER INFORMATION

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The District completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage. The District has chosen to retain a portion of the risks through a self-insurance program as follows:

Self-funded Insurance Program

The District has a self-funded health and dental benefit plan for its employees. The Plan administrator, Anthem (administrator) is responsible for the approval, processing, and payment of claims, after which they bill the District for reimbursement. The District is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The Plan reports on a fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

Accounting and budgeting requirements for the Plan are established by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. Currently, the Plan is accounted for in the General Fund of the District.

As part of the health care coverage of the Plan, the District purchases stop-loss coverage, which pays claims in excess of \$100,000 per individual or 125% of the annual estimated claims as provided by the administrator. The District has no stop-loss coverage of dental care coverage of the Plan.

At June 30, 2019, the District has reported a liability of \$325,000 which represents reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before June 30, 2019, but were not paid by the District as of that date. The amounts not reported to the District were determined by the Plan administrator. Changes in the claims liability for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019 are as follows:

			urrent Year Claims and			
	iability	C	Changes in	Claims		Liability
	July 1	-	Estimates	 Payments	-	June 30
2019	\$ 408,551	\$	6,166,645	\$ 6,250,196	\$	325,000
2018	583,753		7,387,104	7,562,306		408,551

B. CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

From time to time, the District is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

C. LIMITATION ON SCHOOL DISTRICT REVENUES

Wisconsin Statutes limit the amount of revenues a school district may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum.

This limitation does not apply to revenue needed for payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- ▶ A resolution of the school board or by referendum prior to August 12, 1993.
- ▶ A referendum on or after August 12, 1993.

D. UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities and addresses financial reporting for these activities. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

E. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 7, 2019, the District approved issuance of \$530,000 of general obligation notes to finance capital needs of the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Pue	lget		Variance Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	Original			(inegative)
Property taxes	\$ 15,112,506	\$ 15,112,506	\$ 15,112,506	\$ 84
Other local sources	276,569	378,017	369,579	(8,438)
Interdistrict sources	4,790,891	4,745,743	4,746,959	1,216
Intermediate sources	17,902	17,902	18,795	893
State sources	26,089,778	26,468,184	26,353,191	(114,993)
Federal sources	298,211	327,302	252,422	(74,880)
Other sources	43,442	99,265	111,017	11,752
Total revenues	46,629,299	47,148,919	46,964,469	(184,450)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Regular instruction	21,098,766	21,411,686	21,472,956	(61,270)
Vocational instruction	1,411,553	1,468,399	1,530,449	(62,050)
Other instruction	1,897,479	1,906,787	1,952,776	(45,989)
Total instruction	24,407,798	24,786,872	24,956,181	(169,309)
Support services				
Pupil services	1,780,093	1,816,493	1,903,213	(86,720)
Instructional staff services	2,034,383	2,067,862	1,964,990	102,872
General administration services	481,260	465,189	443,546	21,643
School administration services	2,535,189	2,571,853	2,465,635	106,218
Business services	865,586	822,944	739,604	83,340
Operations and maintenance of plant	4,601,502	4,717,899	4,666,304	51,595
Pupil transportation services	1,322,130	1,280,782	1,267,876	12,906
Central services	730,116	632,118	610,232	21,886
Insurance	476,172	440,052	414,446	25,606
Other support services	1,284,337	1,478,573	1,360,807	117,766
Total support services	16,110,768	16,293,765	15,836,653	457,112
Debt service				
Principal	107,649	107,649	73,911	33,738
Interest and fiscal charges	500	500	14,101	(13,601)
Total debt service	108,149	108,149	88,012	20,137
Non-program				
General tuition payments	2,046,234	2,003,428	1,959,698	43,730
Adjustments and refunds	2,000	2,000	639	1,361
Voucher payments	263,143	263,143	263,143	9
Total non-program	2,311,377	2,268,571	2,223,480	45,091
Total expenditures	42,938,092	43,457,357	43,104,326	353,031
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,691,207	3,691,562	3,860,143	168,581
Indirect cost payments from another fund	2	17,800	:=-	(17,800)
Transfers in	17,800	730,000	730,000	1. C
Transfers out	(3,709,007)	(4,439,362)	(4,588,775)	(149,413)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,691,207)	(3,691,562)	(3,858,775)	(167,213)
Net change in fund balance	÷	-	1,368	1,368
Fund balance - July 1	8,769,696	8,769,696	8,769,696	
Fund balance - June 30	\$ 8,769,696	\$ 8,769,696	\$ 8,771,064	<u>\$ 1,368</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Bud	get		Variance Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES		+	t 000	¢ 000
Other local sources	\$ ~	\$ =	\$ 890	\$ 890
Intermediate sources	102,260	102,260	128,979	26,719
State sources	898,438	898,438	884,059	(14,379)
Federal sources	839,047	854,716	867,215	12,499
Total revenues	1,839,745	1,855,414	1,881,143	25,729
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction		2 0 17 017	2 20 4 442	
Special education instruction	3,265,980	3,247,817	3,304,412	(56,595)
Support services	576 400	F74100	FOC 443	(22,333)
Pupil services	576,499	574,109	596,442 278,330	26,326
Instructional staff services	297,548	304,656 569	2,819	(2,250)
Business services	- 1,000	509	2,019	275
Operations and maintenance of plant	22,000	39,000	40,043	(1,043)
Pupil transportation services	897,047	918,834	917,859	975
Total support services	097,047	910,034		
Non-program Special education tuition payments	1,182,725	1,194,770	1,295,102	(100,332)
Special Education failure payments				·
Total expenditures	5,345,752	5,361,421	5,517,373	(155,952)
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(3,506,007)	(3,506,007)	(3,636,230)	(130,223)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	3,506,007	3,506,007	3,636,230	130,223
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,506,007	3,506,007	3,636,230	130,223
Net change in fund balance) T	<u></u>	ŝ	-
Fund balance - July 1		¥	<u> </u>	
Fund balance - June 30	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u> </u>

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 MEASUREMENT PERIODS *

	1	2019	 2018
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest	\$	268,245 135,721	\$ 268,245 125,854
Changes of benefit terms			121
Differences between expected and actual experience		÷.	- 1 0
Changes of assumptions		(99,068)	(<u>1</u>)
Benefit payments		(135,145)	 (89,191)
Net change in total OPEB liability		169,753	304,908
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,811,199	 3,506,291
Total OPEB liability - ending		3,980,952	\$ 3,811,199
Covered payroll	\$	20,017,866	\$ 20,017,866
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		19.89%	19.04%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the current fiscal year end. Amounts for prior years were not available.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 MEASUREMENT PERIODS

Plan Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	SI N	oportionate hare of the et Pension bility (Asset)	 Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
12/31/14	0.15984110%	\$	(3,926,134)	\$ 21,538,802	18.23%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.15702550%		1,551,633	21,682,409	7.16%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.15399930%		1,269,322	22,476,529	5.65%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.15442436%		(4,585,042)	23,036,880	19.90%	102.93%
12/31/18	0.15305007%		5,445,041	22,779,309	23.90%	96.45%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

District Fiscal Year Ending	I	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/15	\$	1,479,825	\$	1,479,825	\$	3 7 5	\$	21,492,712	6.89%
6/30/16		1,483,707		1,483,707		558		22,091,607	6.72%
6/30/17		1,566,507		1,566,507				22,859,918	6.85%
6/30/18		1,573,136		1,573,136				23,151,880	6.79%
6/30/19		1,442,920		1,442,920				21,815,251	6.61%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION PLAN LAST 10 MEASUREMENT PERIODS *

		2019		2018		2017
Total pension liability Service cost Interest	\$	351,709 206,307	\$	422,791 181,792	\$	422,791 169,821
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments		(122,505) (217,093)		(901,862) 387,046 (221,852)		- - (165,322)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning		218,418 5,827,184	·	(132,085) 5,959,269		427,290 5,531,979
Total pension liability - ending Covered payroll	_ <u>\$</u> \$	<u>6,045,602</u> 20,017,866	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>5,827,184</u> 20,017,866	_ <u>\$</u>	<u>5,959,269</u> 17,656,907
District's total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee pa	4	30.20%	4	29.11%	Ψ	33.75%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the current fiscal year end. Amounts for prior years were not available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

A. GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD STATEMENT NO. 75

There were no changes of benefit terms.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end. The District is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

B. WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the WRS.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. The District is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

C. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all governmental funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the function level. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by Board of Education resolution.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements.

- Based upon requests from District staff, District administration recommends budget proposals to the Board of Education.
- ► The Board of Education prepares a proposed budget including proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the July 1 through June 30 fiscal year.
- ► A public notice is published containing a summary of the budget and identifying the time and place where a public hearing will be held on the proposed budget.
- Pursuant to the public budget hearing, the Board of Education may make alterations to the proposed budget.
- Once the Board of Education (following the public hearing) adopts the budget, no changes may be made in the amount of tax to be levied or in the amount of the various appropriations and the purposes of such appropriations unless authorized by a 2/3 vote of the entire Board of Education.
- Appropriations lapse at year end unless authorized as a carryover by the Board of Education. The portion of fund balance representing carryover appropriations is reported as a committed or assigned fund balance in the fund financial statements.
- Encumbrance accounting is used by the District as an extension of formal budgetary control during the year.
- The DPI requires the District to separate special education revenues and expenditures from other General Fund amounts.

The District did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except the District adopts a budget for the special education special revenue fund. An explanation of the differences between Revenues, Expenditures, and Other Financing Sources (Uses) for budgetary funds on budgetary fund basis and a GAAP General Fund basis is summarized below:

	General	Special Education Fund
Revenues Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Reclassification of special education fund Total revenues	\$ 46,964,469 1,881,143 48,845,612	\$ 1,881,143 (1,881,143) -
Expenditures Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Reclassification of special education fund Total expenditures	43,104,326 5,517,373 48,621,699	5,517,373 (5,517,373)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Reclassification of special education fund Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,860,143 (3,636,230) 223,913	(3,636,230) 3,636,230 -
Other financing sources (uses) Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Reclassification of special education fund Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,858,775) 3,636,230 (222,545)	3,636,230 (3,636,230)
Net change in fund balance Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	1,368	
Fund balance - July 1 Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	8,769,696	
Fund balance - June 30 Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	\$ 8,771,064	<u> </u>

The excess expenditures were funded with positive budget variances in other accounts of the general fund,

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

Excess of Expenditure over Budget Appropriations

The following expenditure accounts of the governmental funds had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Funds	Excess Expenditures		
General Fund			
Instruction			
Regular Instruction	\$	61,270	
Vocational Instruction		62,050	
Other Instruction		45,989	
Support services			
Pupil Services		86,720	
Debt service			
Interest and fiscal changes		13,601	
Special Revenue Fund			
Instruction			
Special education instruction		56,595	
Support services			
Pupil Services		22,333	
Business Services		2,250	
Pupil Transportation Services		1,043	
Non-program			
Special education tuition payments		100,332	

Excess expenditures were funded with positive variances in other general fund appropriation accounts.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue		Debt Service Non- Referendum Debt Service		Capital Improvement			Total onmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS								1716 054
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 	585,338	\$ 	134,100 7,483	\$	996,813	\$	1,716,251 7,483
Total assets	\$	585,338	\$	141,583	\$	996,813		1,723,734
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable	_\$	5,478	\$	-	\$		\$	5,478
Fund balances								
Restricted		÷		141,583		996,813		1,138,396
Committed		579,860				<u></u>		579,860
Total fund balances		579,860		141,583		996,813	-	1,718,256
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	585,338	\$	141,583		996,813	\$	1,723,734

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital	Projects	Total
	Donations	Non- Referendum Debt Service	Capital Projects	Capital Improvement Trust	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					t 100.400
Property taxes	\$ ~	\$ 160,122	\$	\$ =	\$ 160,122
Other local sources	519,755	991	1,259	17,931	539,936
Other sources		7,483		<u> </u>	7,483
Total revenues	519,755	168,596	1,259	17,931	707,541
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Regular instruction	19,225	-	(1)	÷	19,225
Vocational instruction	793	H	(1 9	×	793
Other instruction	35,414				35,414
Total instruction	55,432	9 0),	<u></u>		55,432
Support services					0.0.500
Pupil services	26,503	3 9 5	1.5	.55	26,503
General administration services	843	5 7 5		17	843
School administration services	1,500		475.004	5	1,500
Operations and maintenance of plant	400	2 2)	175,861	1	176,261
Food services	673		5	÷.	673
Central services	9,881		175.001	·	9,881
Total support services	39,800		175,861) 	215,661
Debt service		1046 200			1,046,280
Principal	ā	1,046,280	5	55.0 100	76,242
Interest and fiscal charges		76,242			1,122,522
Total debt service		1,122,322			1,122,322
Total expenditures	95,232	1,122,522	175,861		1,393,615
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	424,523	(953,926)	(174,602)	17,931	(686,074)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2	730,000	2	150,000	880,000
Transfers out	(730,000)	100,000		(#)	(730,000)
Hullalets out	(100)000/			*	- Antonio antonio da
Total other financing sources (uses)	(730,000)	730,000		150,000	150,000
Net change in fund balances	(305,477)	(223,926)	(174,602)	167,931	(536,074)
Fund balances - July 1	885,337	365,509	174,602	828,882	2,254,330
Fund balances - June 30	\$ 579,860	\$ 141,583	<u> </u>	\$ 996,813	<u>\$ 1,718,256</u>

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES PUPIL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Balance //1/2018	A	dditions		eletions	Balance 6/30/2019	
ASSETS Cash	\$	240,299	_\$	1,001,275		995,092	\$	246,482
LIABILITIES								
Due to student organizations								
High School	\$	218,291	\$	901,177	\$	896,885	\$	222,583
Middle School		11,954		67,087		64,846		14,195
Foxview Intermediate		2,975		29,555		28,713		3,817
Altmayer Elementary School		599				5		599
Dickinson Elementary School		2,825		2,428		2,466		2,787
Heritage Elementary School		514		124		249		389
District	-	3,141		904	5 	1,933		2,112
Total liabilities	\$	240,299	\$	1,001,275		995,092	\$	246,482

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Education Unified School District of De Pere De Pere, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Unified School District of De Pere, De Pere, Wisconsin, (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2019.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin November 19, 2019



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com

Independent auditors' report on compliance for each major federal and state program and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*

To the Board of Education Unified School District of De Pere De Pere, Wisconsin

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM

We have audited the Unified School District of De Pere, De Pere, Wisconsin's (the "District's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal and state programs.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration. Those standards, Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.



OPINION ON EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal or state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal or state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin November 19, 2019

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grantor Agency/Federal Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Agency	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	(Accrued) Deferred Revenue 7/1/18	Cash Received (Refunded)	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 6/30/19	Total Expenditures	Subrecipient Payments
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program	10.553	WI DPI	2019-051414-SB-546	\$ (1,452)	\$ 42,117	\$ 1,966	\$ 42,631	\$
National School Lunch Program Donated Commodities 18-19 Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	WI DPI WI DPI	2019-051414-NSL-547 n/a	(15,596)	459,451 124,904 584,355	21,800	465,655 124,904 590,559	*
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	WI DPI	2019-051414-SFSP-586	(8,798)	23,743	8,710	23,655	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				(25,846)	650,215	32,476	656,845	<u> </u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	WI DPI	2019-051414-TIA-141	(25,052)	100,002	7,238	82,188	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027 84.173	WI DPI WI DPI	2019-051414-IDEA-FT-341 2019-051414-IDEA-PS-347	(252,293) (11,638) (263,931)	863,564 11,638 875,202	159,554 12,697 172,251	770,825 12,697 783,522	2 2 3
English Language Acquisition State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Hurricane Education Recovery	84,365 84.367 84,424 84.938	WI DPI WI DPI WI DPI WI DPI	2019-051414-TIIIA-391 2019-051414-TIIA-365 2019-051414-TIVA-381 n/a	(6,975) (10,703) (5,826) (31,680)	8,500 54,476 11,928 31,680	9,516 18,720 500	11,041 62,493 6,602	2 3 7. <u>2</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education				(344,167)	1,081,788	208,225	945,846	(e)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Medicaid Cluster Medical Assistance Program	93.778	WI DHS	44224200		150,185	23,605	173,790_	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ (370,013)	<u>\$ 1,882,188</u>	\$ 264,306	\$ 1,776,481	<u> </u>
			Reconciliation to the basic finar	ncial statements			¢ 1776 401	

Federal sources (governmental plus proprietary)

\$ 1,776,481

The notes to the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are an integral part of this schedule.

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grantor Agency/State Program Title	State I.D. Number	Pass-Through Agency	State Identifying Number	(Accrued) Deferred Revenue 7/1/18	Cash Received (Refunded)	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 6/30/19	Total Expenditures	Subrecipient Payments
WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION			054444.400		005 050	2	\$ 865,059	\$ -
Special Education and School Age Parents	255.101	Direct Program	051414-100	s -	\$ 865,059 19,544	\$	19,544	P
State School Lunch Aid	255.102	Direct Program	051414-107	R.			181,504	
Common School Fund Library Aid	255.103	Direct Program	051414-104		181,504	-	79,077	5
General Transportation Aid	255.107	Direct Program	051414-102	-	79,077		- / -	
Equalization Aids	255.201	Direct Program	051414-116	(385,203)	22,999,805	383,419	22,998,021	*
School Mental Health Programs	225.227	Direct Program	051414-176	5	3,229		3,229	
Personal Computer Device	225.296	Direct Program	051414-175		37,750	<u></u>	37,750	
School Based Mental Health Services Grant	225.297	Direct Program	051414-177	21 C	50,873	16,741	67,614	
Peer Review and Mentoring	255.301	Direct Program	051414-141	(7,913)	8,334		421	
State School Breakfast Aid	255.344	Direct Program	051414-108		2,218	(BC)	2,218	8
Educator Effective Evaluation System	255.940	Direct Program	051414-154	20 A	23,280	(*)	23,280	
Per Pupil Aid	255.945	Direct Program	051414-113	÷	2,580,030		2,580,030	5.
Career and Technical Education Incentive Grants	255.950	Direct Program	051414-152		21,000	(a)	21,000	
Assessments of Reading Readiness	255.956	Direct Program	051414-166		8,210		8,210	*
Robotics League Participation Grants	255.959	Direct Program	051414-167	(2,592)	2,592) 🛥	-
Aid for Special Ed Transition Grant BBL	255.960	Direct Program	051414-168		19,000		19,000	
Total Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction				(395,708)	26,901,505	400,160	26,905,957	¥_
WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			2040 651 01 422 47		37,314		37,314	
School Safety Grant	455.206	Direct Program	2018-SSI-01-13247		57,514	129,094	129,094	
School Safety Grant	455.206	Direct Program	2018-SSI-01/02-14321	·	37,314	129,094	166,408	·
					37,314	129,094_	100,400	
TOTAL STATE PROGRAMS				\$ (395,708)	\$ 26,938,819	\$ 529,254	\$ 27.072.365	<u> </u>
			Reconciliation to the basic State sources (governm				\$ 27,259,012	

Reconciliation to the basic financial statements State sources (governmental plus proprietary)	s	27,259,012
Less: State sources not considered state financial assistance State tax computer aid Payment in lieu of taxes and other revenues		(182,052) (4,595)
Total state awards	\$	27,072,365

The notes to the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards for the District are presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration.

The schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards include all federal and state awards of the District. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenues and expenditures in the schedules are presented in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting and are generally in agreement with revenues and expenditures reported in the District's 2019 fund financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and *State Single Audit* Guidelines, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Accrued revenue at year-end consists of federal and state program expenditures scheduled for reimbursement to the District in the succeeding year while unearned revenue represents advances for federal and state programs that exceed recorded District expenditures. Because of subsequent program adjustments, these amounts may differ from the prior year's ending balances.

The District has not elected to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total costs.

NOTE 3: SPECIAL EDUCATION AND SCHOOL AGE PARENTS PROGRAM

The 2018 - 2019 eligible costs under the State Special Education Program as reported by the District are \$3,930,676. Compiled information required by compliance requirement 1-1 of the Special Education Audit Program was reported to the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

NOTE 4: FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE 5: OVERSIGHT AGENCIES

The federal and state oversight agencies for the District are as follows: Federal - U.S. Department of Education State - Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

NOTE 6: PASS THROUGH ENTITIES

Federal awards have been passed through the following entities:

WI DHS - Wisconsin Department of Health Services WI DPI - Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I: SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	No
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the <i>State Single Audit Guidelines</i> ?	No
Identification of major federal programs:	
CFDA NumberName of Federal ProgramChild Nutrition Cluster10.553Special education grants to states10.555National School Lunch Program10.559Summer Food Service Program for Children	
Identification of major state program:	
State ID NumberName of State Program255.201Equalization Aids	
Audit threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs: Federal Awards State Awards	\$750,000 \$250,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	Yes

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION II: FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There are no findings related to the basic financial statements required to be reported under governmental auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America for the year ended June 30, 2019.

SECTION III: FEDERAL AND STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no audit findings and questioned costs required to be reported under the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration for the year ended June 30, 2019.

SECTION IV: OTHER ISSUES

1.	Does the auditor have substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?	No
2.	Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e. material non-compliance, non-material non-compliance, questioned cost, material weakness, significant deficiencies, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grant/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the <i>State Single Audit Guidelines</i> :	
	Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction Wisconsin Department of Health Services Wisconsin Department of Justice	No No No
3.	Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?	Yes

- 4. Name and signature of partner

Halkins

Paul G. Denis, CPA November 19, 2019

5. Date of report